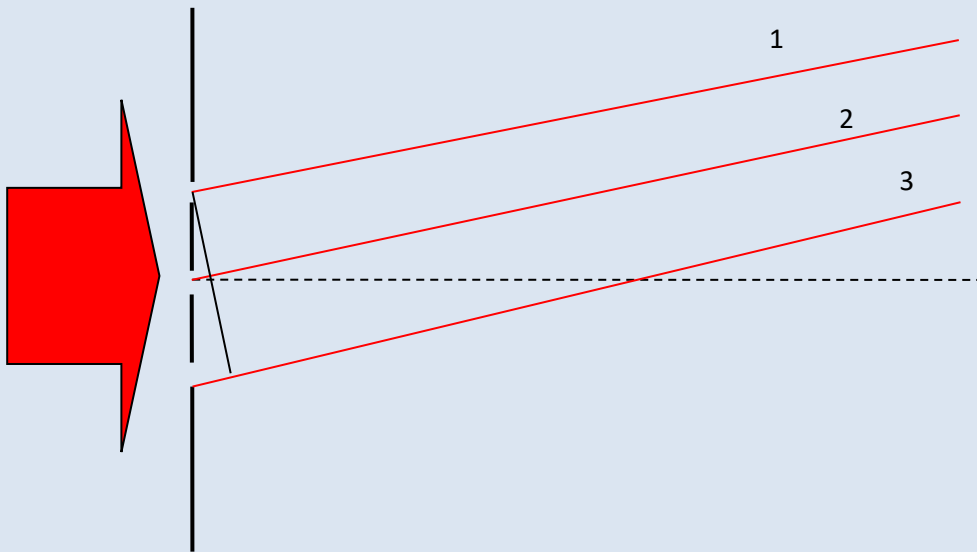


Quiz C14.2

Wave phenomena (HL)

1. Monochromatic coherent light of wavelength  $\lambda$  is incident on three slits. The three rays shown will superpose on a screen far away and will create the first maximum after the central maximum.

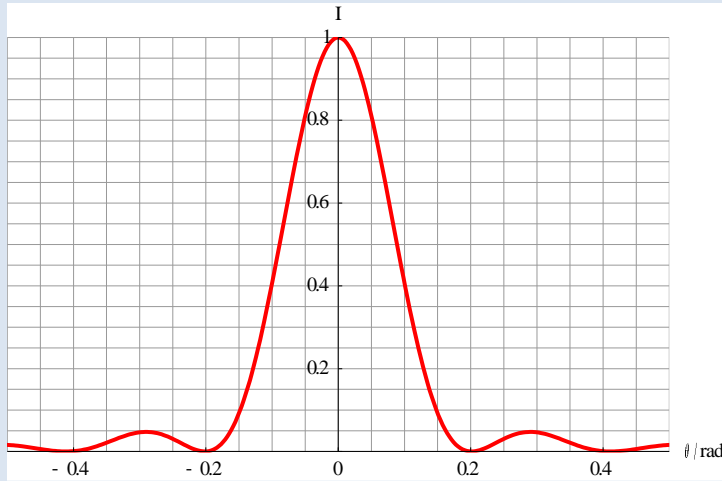


What is the path difference between rays 1 and 2 and rays 1 and 3?

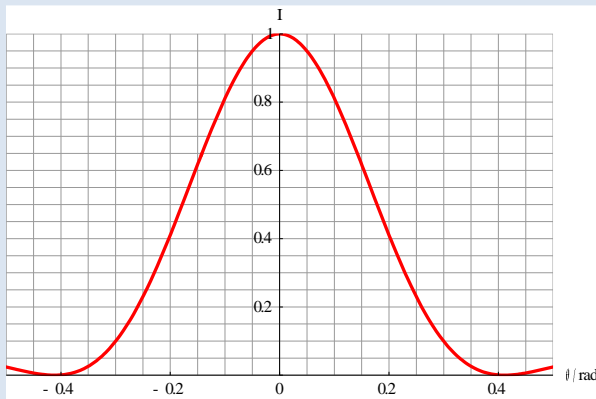
	1 and 2	1 and 3
<b>A</b>	$\lambda$	$2\lambda$
<b>B</b>	$\lambda$	$4\lambda$
<b>C</b>	$2\lambda$	$2\lambda$
<b>D</b>	$2\lambda$	$4\lambda$



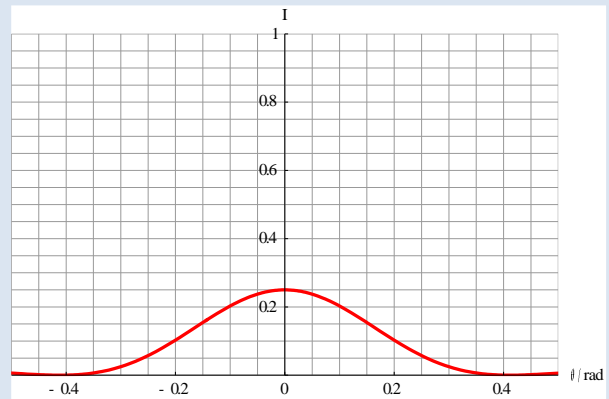
5. The graph shows the single slit diffraction pattern for light of wavelength 600 nm.



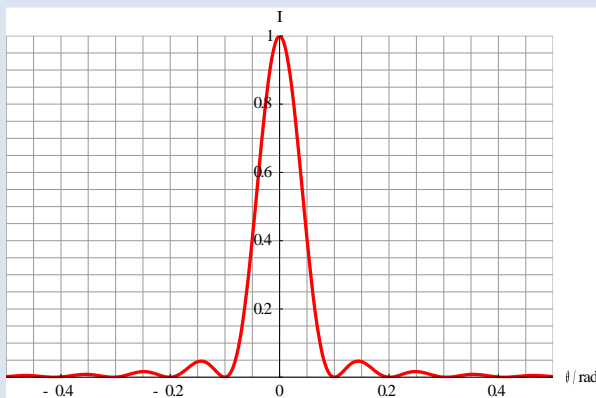
The slit width is halved. What is the new diffraction pattern?



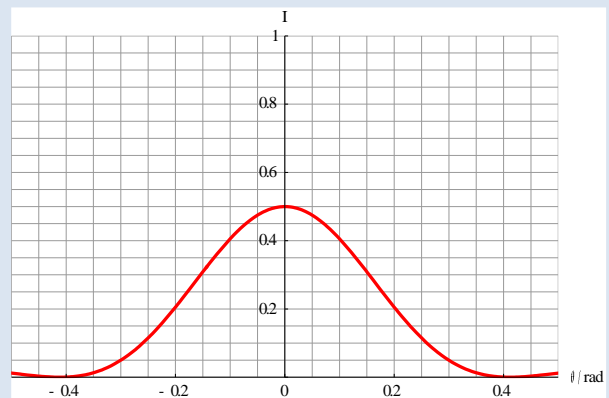
**A**



**B**

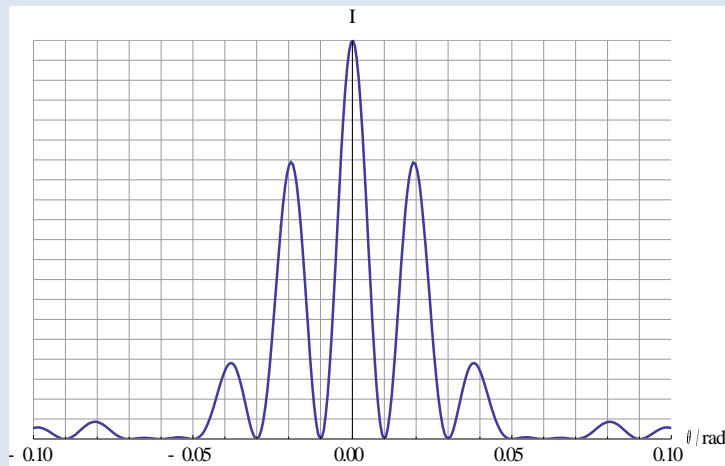


**C**



**D**

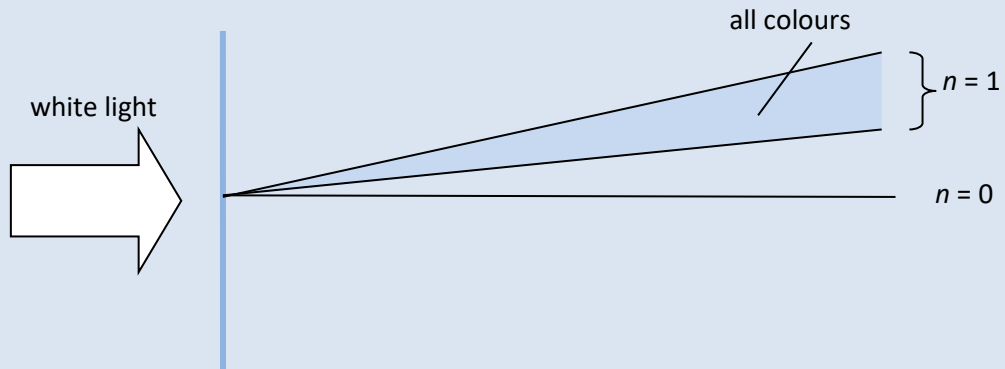
6. The graph shows the variation with diffraction angle of the intensity of light on a screen after passing through two slits.



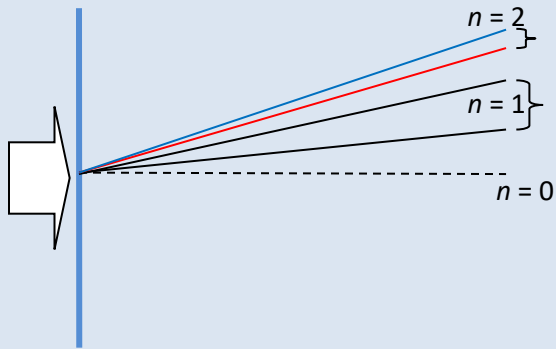
The third maximum is missing. What is a pair of correct relations between the slit width  $b$ , the slit separation  $d$  and the wavelength  $\lambda$ ?

<b>A</b>	$b = \frac{d}{3}$	$d = 50\lambda$
<b>B</b>	$b = \frac{d}{3}$	$d = 150\lambda$
<b>C</b>	$b = 3d$	$d = 50\lambda$
<b>D</b>	$b = 3d$	$d = 150\lambda$

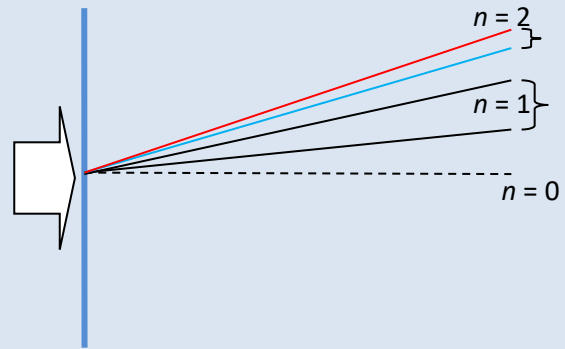
7. White light is incident on a diffraction grating. The diagram shows the formation of the  $n = 0$  and the  $n = 1$  orders.



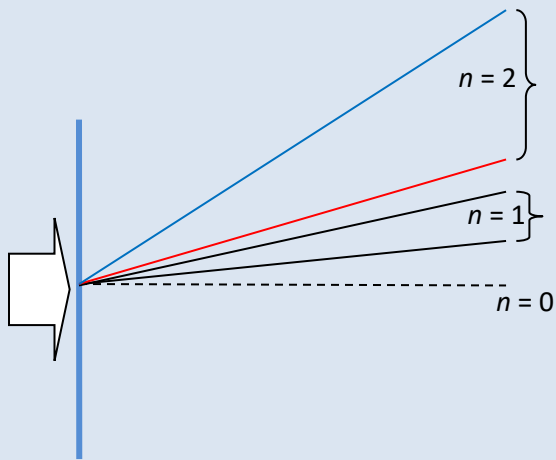
Which diagram shows the correct second order?



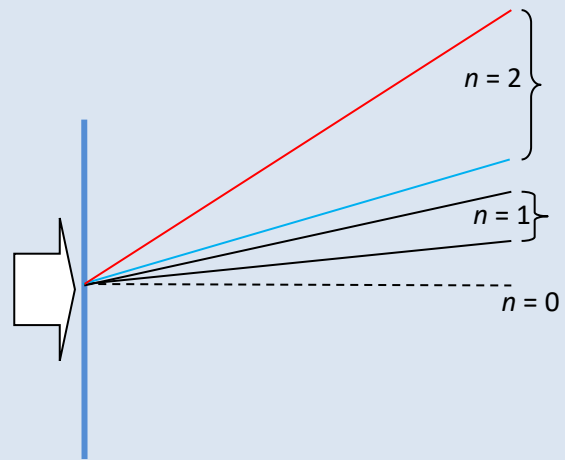
A



B



C

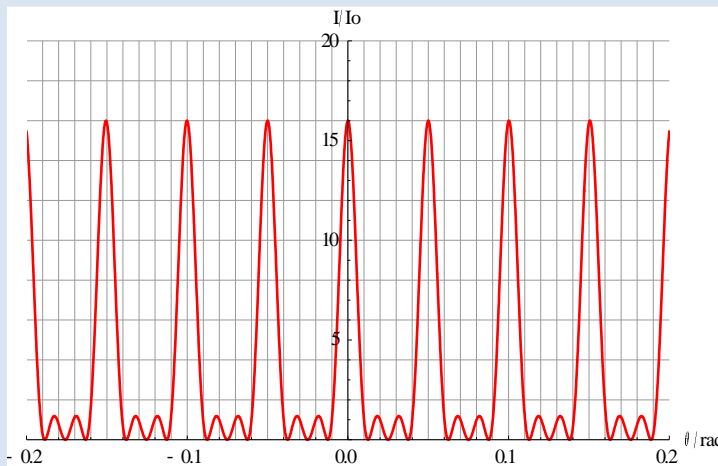


D

8. Light containing wavelengths from 400 nm to 500 nm is incident on a diffraction grating with 300 lines per mm. Which is the largest order that contains all the incident wavelengths?

A 4                      B 5                      C 6                      D 7

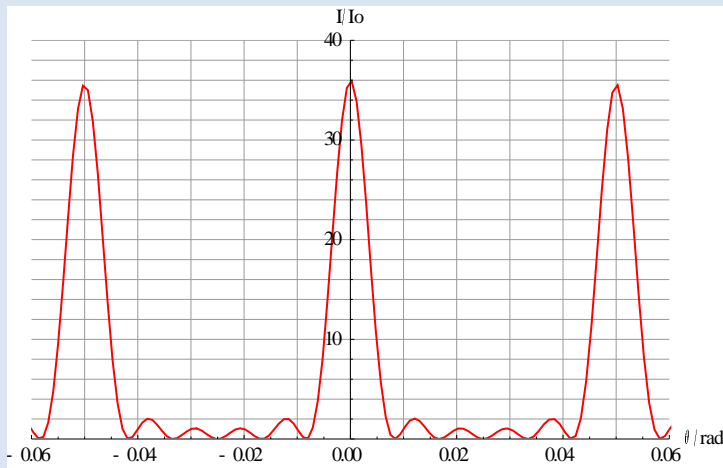
9. Coherent monochromatic light is incident on 4 slits. The graph shows the intensity distribution on a screen far from the slits.



The number of slits is doubled to 8 without any changes to the slit width and slit separation. What is correct about the intensity distribution?

- A The first principal maximum will be observed at  $\theta = \pm 0.025$  rad.  
 B The intensity of the principal maxima will decrease.  
 C The intensity of the secondary maxima will increase.  
 D The width of the principal maxima will decrease.

10. Coherent monochromatic light of wavelength 700 nm is incident on parallel slits. The graph shows the intensity distribution on a screen far from the slits.



What is the slit separation and what is the number of slits?

	Slit separation	Number of slits
<b>A</b>	$1.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$	4
<b>B</b>	$1.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$	6
<b>C</b>	$7.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$	4
<b>D</b>	$7.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$	6

<b>Quiz C14.2 Answers</b>	
<b>1</b>	<b>A</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>D</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>A</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>B</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>A</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>D</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>D</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>B</b>